

Teacher:- Monika Name-_____Roll no._____Class & sec__

Date _____

Ch-1 Know your planet

Ch-2 Parallels and

Meridians

Revision

- 1) Define the following terms-
 - A) Globe- A globe is a model of the Earth.
 - B) Atlas- A book of maps is called an atlas.
 - C) Map- A map is a representation of the Earth's surface or a part of it on a flat surface.
 - D) Continents- The large land masses on the Earth are called continents.
 - E) Oceans- The large water bodies on the earth are called Oceans.
 - F) Sphere- An object that is completely round, such as ball.
 - G) Intermediate directions- The directions in between the major directions.
 - H) Symbols- marks which have a particular meaning.
 - I) Physical Maps- A physical map show the physical features of a place such as mountains, plateaus, plains and rivers.
 - J) Political maps- A political map shows countries, states and their capitals.
 - K) Scale- The ratio between the distance on the ground and the distance on the map is known as the scale of the map.
 - L) Axis- An imaginary line passing through two extreme points on a sphere around which it spins.
 - M) Poles- The two end points of the Earth's axis are called poles.
 - N) Northern Hemisphere - The part of the Earth which lies to the north of the equator, is called Northern Hemisphere.
 - O) Southern Hemisphere- The part of the Earth which lies to the south of the equator, is called Southern Hemisphere.
 - P) Equator- The earth is divided into two equal parts by drawing an imaginary line Midway between North Pole and South pole this line is called Equator
 - Q) Grid- The network of parallels and meridians on the globe is called grid.